## Blaenau Gwent Wildlife Site/SINC Notification Form

## **SITE SUMMARY**

SITE NAME: The Ducky / The Si	mall ducky		
GRID REF: SO155073		SURVEYOR(S):	J.Winder
SIZE (approx.): 0.37ha			
DATE OF SURVEY: 21.08.07		SKETCH MAP C	F SITES LOCATION:
LOCAL AUTHORITY AREA:		31401	Outr Charles
Blaenau Gwent			1
WARD: Tredegar			
MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESI	Tree State	2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Habitat types	NVC type Area (ha)	Milliam	** ** ** **
Ponds	-	TITE STATE OF THE	Peacehaven
Swamp	S12b S22	100	Total
Mixed marshy vegetation		Hudwings	One Constitution of the Co
Open Water	-	Mustra Long D	Troadmiw-gwall 200
Stream	-		The state of the s
Neutral grassland	MG1/ MG10/ MG5	© Crown Copyright 2006. All righ	
	MGS	Ordnance Survey Licence number	
FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjacent land use, access and boundaries etc.):			
The pond site at Peacehaven is located south of the village to the west of the road to Troedrhiw-gwair. It comprises of two ponds named 'The Ducky' and 'The Small Ducky'. The ponds are linked by a small stream, the whole site including the banks, forming an important wildlife corridor and buffer zone. 'The Ducky' is the larger pond with approximately 80% open water, within which there is approximately 10% cover of green filamentous algae. The other 20% of the pond is mainly referable to \$22 Glyceria fluitans water-margin vegetation where there is an abundance of Glyceria fluitans (floating sweet-grass). Other species include Typha latifolia (common reedmace), Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum (water-cress), Iris pseudacorus (yellow iris), Equisetum fluviatile (water horsetail), Filipendula ulmaria (meadowsweet), Lotus pedunculatus (greater bird's-foot-trefoil), Epilobium palustre (marsh willowherb), E. hirsutum (great willowherb) and Juncus inflexus (hard rush). There are also algae within the \$22.  'The Small Ducky' is dominated by a mixed emergent vegetation, the wetter area is referable to \$12b Typha latifolia swamp Mentha aquatica subcommunity. Dominated by Typha latifolia (common reedmace), other species include Mentha aquatica (water mint), Iris pseudacorus (yellow flag iris), Ranunculus flammula (lesser spearwort), Epilobium hirsutum (great willowherb), Lotus pedunculatus (greater bird's-foot-trefoil), Hydrocotyle vulgaris (water pennywort) and Callitriche stagnalis (common water-starwort). Species found in the drier areas of the pond (mixed marshy vegetation) include Carex hirta (hairy sedge), Filipendula ulmaria (meadowsweet), Deschampsia cespitosa (tufted hair-grass), Agrostis stolonifera (creeping bent) and Valeriana officinalis (common valerian).  The ponds are fed by a small stream which is running clear, species found within the stream include Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum (water-cress), Glyceria fuitans (floating sweet-grass), Iris pseudacorus (yellow flag iris) and Lemna minor (common duckweed). The a			
scattered individual trees. The grassland does not 'fit' an NVC and is described as MG1/MG10/MG5 mosaic. Dominant grasses are Agrostis capillaris (common bent), Festuca rubra (red fescue), Dactylis glomerata (cocksfoot), Holcus lanatus (Yorkshire fog), Arrhenatherum elatius (false oat-grass), Cynosorus cristatus (crested dog's-tail) and Anthoxanthum odoratum (sweet vernal grass). Other species include Luzula campestris (field woodrush), Lotus corniculatus (bird's-foot trefoil) and Achillea millefolium (yarrow), Cirsium arvense (creeping thistle) and Filipendula ulmaria (meadowsweet).			
Site qualifies under the following sections of the Wildlife Site Guidelines: Standing Open Water (H15), Swamp (H10), Watercourses (H14), Mosaic Habitats (H20)			
Qualifying Habitat types: Standing Open Water, Swamp			

Official Use Only: Site selected as a Wildlife Site/SINC? YES V NO Date: 15th January 2008