Blaenau Gwent Wildlife Site/SINC Notification Form

SITE SUMMARY

GRID REF: S 0 17866 06170 SURVEYOR(S): Rebecca Price SIZE (approx.): 2.63ha DATE OF SURVEY: 3/08/09 LOCAL AUTHORITY AREA: Blaenau Gwent WARD: MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT: Habitat types NVC type Area (ha) Post industrial grassland/secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site compasses post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath rurs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scaloius (Knutha armani) and small scaloius (Knutha common inspared), vijer's bugloss (Lébium talgam), wild carrot (Dausa arma), fixth McLimur authoritium) and marjoram (Originum talgam). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more common interpreted (Cuttan bina). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Immau inflexio), and hairy sedge (Canx birta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Ahnu gluinous) and surjective (Betata pendula) with a bramble (Raba printinson), sycamore (Aeer pseudoplutamus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species inclu	SITE NAME:	Cwm Slopes, Festival Park, Ebbw Vale					
DATE OF SURVEY: 3/08/09 SKETCH MAP OF SITES LOCATION: LOCAL AUTHORITY AREA: Blaenau Gwent WARD: MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT: Habitat types Post industrial grassland/secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cown lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used ray ragging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knauita arvensis) and smay and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Lisewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Lisewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Lisewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Lisewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (Origanum rulgare). Lisewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly and manjoram (GRID REF:	S O 17866 06170		SUR	VEYOR(S)	: Rebecca Price	
Blaenau Gwent WARD: MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT: Habitat types NVC type Area (ha) Post industrial grassland/ secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial and with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel foorpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arrenia) and small scabious (Sabinas ablumbaria), viper's bugloss (Fabium rulgara), wild carrot (Danas arrata), fairy flax (Limm cathartium) and marjoram (Originum rulgara). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Section jundous) and common harpweed (Catmara nigra). Ditches/ drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Uritia divias). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Junus inflexos), and hairy sedge (Carex hirta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Alnus glutimusa) and silver birch (Betala pendula) with a bramble (Rubu fraticosa), sycamore (Azer pundopladama	SIZE (approx.): 2.63ha						
Blaenau Gwent WARD: MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT:	DATE OF SURVEY: 3/08/09				SKETC	H MAP OF SITES LOCATION:	
MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT: Habitat types NVC type Area (ha) Post industrial grassland/secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch FUIL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Kanuta arvensir) and small scabious (Sabiosa adumbaria), viper's bugloss (Exhimm vulgara), wild carrot (Dauca carda), fary flax (Limm adharitam) and marjoram (Originum vulgara). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herb roce common mental (Uritaa dialoga). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Juneus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex hirris) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Almus glutimus) and silver birch (Betida pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fratiousna), sycamore (Aere pseudoplatamus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sarbus assurption), corrected in north east and west of the site, a contributory species within Section	LOCAL AUTHORITY AREA:						
MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT: Habitat types NVC type Area (ha) Post industrial grassland/'secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch Deciduous woodland Ditch Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous serub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (<i>Kanatia arrensia</i>), viper's bugloss (<i>Kehima malayn</i>), wild carrot (<i>Danaes aranda</i>), fairy flax (<i>Limma culnatriann</i>) and marjoram (<i>Origanum vulgara</i>). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (<i>Semao janobea</i>) and common knapweed (<i>Centura migra</i>). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>). Localised damp areas including hard rush (<i>Jumas inflicxua</i>), and hairy sedge (<i>Carex birta</i>) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>) and silver birch (<i>Behila pendula</i>) with a bramble (<i>Ruhms fritinosuh</i>), sycamore (<i>Aer peudoplatanut</i>) sap	Blaenau Gwent						
Habitat types NVC type Area (ha) Post industrial grassland/ secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the cast and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The cast and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arrensi) and small scabious (Scabious aclumbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium nulgare), wild carrot (Dancus carata), fairy flax (Linum autharitum) and marjoram (Origumam nulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Sensoia Juschea) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains leadjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thisles and common nettle (Uritia dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Junus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex birta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Almus ghuimosa) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Ruhms fruitosus), sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other	WARD:				N. Control of the Con	Level (dg)	
Post industrial grassland/ secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arvensis) and small scabious (Scabious columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium rulgare), wild carrot (Danas carda), fairy flax (Linum culbartium) and marjoram (Origamum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senesio jusobau) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urita divica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Junus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex hirta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Alnus glutimosa) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubas fruticous), sycamore (Azer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nett	MAIN HABITAT TYPES PRESENT:						
grassland/secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and developing semi-improved sward) Scrub Deciduous woodland Ditch Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The cast and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arvensis) and small scabious (Scabious columburia), viper's bugloss (Echium rutgare), wild carrot (Daucus carota), fairy flax (Limum cutharticum) and marioram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Sencio jasobad) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioia). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Jumus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex hinta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Almus glutinosa) and silver britch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus frutiosus), sycamore (Azer pseudoplatamus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry			NVC type	Area (ha)	e Croft		
Deciduous woodland Ditch FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arrensis) and small scabious (Srabiosa columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium vulgare), wild carrot (Daucas carota), fairy flax (Linum calbarticum) and marjoram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senzio jacobea) and common knapweed (Centura nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Juncus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex birta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Almus glutinosa) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus frutiosus), sycamore (Azer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Frax	grassland/'secondary grassland' (mosaic of bare ground and		-		Shaft (dis)	Garn Gam Isal	
FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arvensis) and small scabious (Scabiosa columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium vulgare), wild carrot (Dancus carata), fairy flax (Linum catharticum) and marjoram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senecio jucobea) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Juncus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex birta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Almus glutinosu) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fruticosus), sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Fraximus excelsior). Grass	Scrub		-		427	(dip. Coedcae	
FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knantia arvensis) and small scabious (Scabious columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium vulgare), wild carrot (Daucus carota), fairy flax (Limum catharticum) and marjoram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senecio jacobea) and common knapweed (Centurea nigral). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Juncus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex birta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Alnus glutinosa) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fruticosus), sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus ancuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Fraximus excelsior). Gras	Deciduous woodland		-			Lower S Lower	
Located on the southern edge of the Ebbw Vale Festival Site, the site comprises post industrial land with a steep south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arrensis) and small scabious (Scabiosa columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium vulgare), wild carrot (Daucus carota), fairy flax (Linum catharticum) and marjoram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senecio jacobea) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Inneus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex hirta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Alnus glutinosa) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fruticosus), sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Fraximus excelsior). Grass vetchling (Lathyrus nissolia) was recorded in north ea	Ditch		-		Maes-yr-onn-fa	ich By Den	
south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the site and provides access to the festival site from Cwm. Open grassland has developed over the steep undulating post industrial ground. Vegetation height and species composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arvensis) and small scabious (Scabiosa columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium vulgare), wild carrot (Daucus carota), fairy flax (Linum catharticum) and marjoram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senecio jacobea) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Juncus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex hirta) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (Alnus glutinosa) and silver birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fruticosus), sycamore (Aver pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Fraxinus excelsior). Grass vetchling (Lathyrus nissolia) was recorded in north east and west of the site, a contributory species within Section	FULL DESCRIPTION OF SITE (including topography, adjac						
composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (<i>Knautia arvensis</i>) and small scabious (<i>Scabiosa columbaria</i>), viper's bugloss (<i>Echium vulgare</i>), wild carrot (<i>Daucus carota</i>), fairy flax (<i>Linum catharticum</i>) and marjoram (<i>Origanum vulgare</i>). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (<i>Senecio jacobea</i>) and common knapweed (<i>Centurea nigra</i>). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>). Localised damp areas including hard rush (<i>Juncus inflexus</i>), and hairy sedge (<i>Carex hirta</i>) occur in the south. Some ant hills occur locally on the slope. The very north of the site supports deciduous woodland frequented by even aged alder (<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>) and silver birch (<i>Betula pendula</i>) with a bramble (<i>Rubus fruticosus</i>), sycamore (<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>), cherry (<i>Prunus sp.</i>), willow (<i>Salix sp.</i>), ash (<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>). Grass vetchling (<i>Lathyrus nissolia</i>) was recorded in north east and west of the site, a contributory species within <i>Section</i>	south facing slope which levels out at the south of the site. The land is fenced with the exception of the northern boundary which is demarked by a track/road, and the western boundary which is unmarked. The railway lies to the east and mixed deciduous woodland to the west. A playing field and the settlement of Cwm lie to the south. The east and west edges of the site are flanked by deciduous scrub. A well used zig zagging gravel footpath runs through the						
birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fruticosus), sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Fraxinus excelsior). Grass vetchling (Lathyrus nissolia) was recorded in north east and west of the site, a contributory species within Section	composition is variable over the site. The steepest parts of the slope support a colourful herb rich sward, together with areas of bare/lightly vegetated ground. Herbs include locally frequent field scabious (Knautia arvensis) and small scabious (Scabiosa columbaria), viper's bugloss (Echium vulgare), wild carrot (Daucus carota), fairy flax (Linum catharticum) and marjoram (Origanum vulgare). Elsewhere a tall, grass dominated sward is more typical with herbs more commonly represented by ragwort (Senecio jacobea) and common knapweed (Centurea nigra). Ditches/drains lie adjacent to the zig zag path and part of the southern boundary. These are typically vegetated with willow, bramble, thistles and common nettle (Urtica dioica). Localised damp areas including hard rush (Juncus inflexus), and hairy sedge (Carex hirta)						
	birch (Betula pendula) with a bramble (Rubus fruticosus), sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus) sapling and common nettle understory. Other species include rowan (Sorbus aucuparia), cherry (Prunus sp.), willow (Salix sp.), ash (Fraxinus						
57) v usemum 1 tumis of the tylic valleys 311 ve effectia. Daili owi (1 jio tuou) flave been fecolucu.							

NO

Date:

Official Use Only: Site selected as a Wildlife Site/SINC? YES

Please state the section(s) of the Wildlife Site Guidelines that this site qualifies under:

H5) Calcareous grasslands – primary qualifying feature H18) Mineral Spoil Tips and Other Post Industrial Land H1) Woodlands – qualifies as a secondary feature, contained within the cSINC site boundary					
Qualifying Habitat types	Number of indicator species present				
Secondary grassland on post industrial land (with a calcareous nature)	14 calcareous indicator species				